THE

Woman Voter

No. 8. New York, November, 1910. Five Cents.

THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE PARTY

ITS AIM

THE ENROLLMENT OF 100,000 MEMBERS THIS YEAR
AND THE ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN
THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITHIN FIVE YEARS

SUFFRAGE LUNCHEON

THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE PARTY

WILL TENDER A

LUNCHEON

TO

THE BOARD OF OFFICERS OF THE NEW YORK
STATE WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION

AT

HOTEL ASTOR, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 3

TICKETS $2.50

The Woman Voter

Official Organ of THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE PARTY

A Union for political work of existing Equal Suffrage organizations in the City of New York

Published monthly at 1 Madison Avenue, New York City

Subscription price yearly, 50 Cents **Single copy, 5 Cents**

Telephone 66 Gramercy **Advertising rates on application**

TANGIBLE RESULTS

Here are a few achievements to which the Woman Suffrage Party may point after about nine months of organized effort:

1. The enrollment of 20,000 members.
2. Over 400 public meetings held in halls.
3. Over 150 open air meetings.
4. An effort made to reach the delegates of 296 local political conventions by hearings and circulars with results varying from refusal to admit women to the convention hall in some districts to full and enthusiastic endorsement of woman suffrage in others.
5. The publication of a monthly paper called the "Woman Voter"?
6. The issue of a successful lantern slide lecture for the benefit of those who do not understand English.
7. The free distribution of 150,000 leaflets in English, the printing of 80,000 leaflets in Yiddish, 80,000 in Italian and 20,000 in Bohemian.
8. The enlistment in active work of a much larger number of people than has been possible in any other form of suffrage organization.
9. The maintenance of a Headquarters consisting of four rooms.
10. The conduct of a campaign of great activity in which 159 different persons have addressed public meetings, and the only paid employment has been one Headquarters Secretary, one regular stenographer with an occasional assistant stenographer, and all other work done by voluntary contribution.
11. The conduct of a vigorous legislative campaign in which a delegation from each Assembly District in the city was sent to Albany, with the result that several members of the Legislature changed their attitude and their votes from opposition to support of a referendum on our question.
12. Over $6,000, collected and expended.

A FINAL SERVICE

One of the last acts in the life of Julia Ward Howe was the performance of a public service, and one which will add another to the debts of gratitude the woman suffragists owe to this remarkable woman. Mrs. Howe's service was a canvass among the ministers, Sunday-school superintendents and editors of the four States, Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming, in which equal suffrage prevails, to ascertain whether the effects have been good or bad. Her circular letter to all Episcopal, Baptist, Methodist, Congregational and Presbyterian ministers brought hundreds of replies. Those of the Episcopal clergy are favorable more than two to one; those of the Baptists more than seven to one; the Congregationalists, eight to one; the Methodists more than ten to one, and the Presbyterians more than eleven to one. A few in each denomination are undecided.

Of the Sunday-school superintendents appealed to, one is unfavorable, one on the fence, and all the rest favorable.

The editors' replies are favorable in the ratio of more than eight to one.

These facts are not only interesting in themselves but will be most useful to Woman Suffrage Party speakers.

THE GREAT UN-REGISTERED

Lost, in New York, somewhere between the Battery and the Bronx, 64,000 or more men of voting age. Republicans, Democrats, Hearstites and Socialists, are vainly hunting for these thousands of should-be-registered residents of the city. Where are they and why have they not appeared?

Many explanations have been offered, for this is a phenomenon that has attracted wide attention. The Men's Rights number of *Life* might lead us to suspect that they are busily guarding the gas-ranges and wheeling the go-carts of our great metropolis. Some of the papers hint darkly that the Colonel with his Big Stick has frightened them all away. Then history has revealed that often the registration of voters depends upon the number of torch-light parades, fire-works and free automobile rides offered in a well-conducted campaign. And this has certainly been a dull one in that respect. Others state boldly and frankly that the issues at stake this fall are not sufficiently "moral" to interest or arouse our citizens.

Read all the answers and choose the one you like best. The fact remains that many of our New York voters have failed to register for the forthcoming election. And this fact carries with it both significance and suggestion for the Woman Suffrage Party.

There have been two standard arguments against the enfranchisement of women. We cannot claim that there have not been more, but two at least are used so frequently that they may be called habitual with our opponents. One is, that if women could vote, they wouldn't. The situation in New York shows us that the men who can, don't. Now if civic duties were consistently distributed, why should the women who would, be prevented from doing what the men who can, won't?

In the words of our Party Leader, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt: "If it is logical to keep women from voting because they don't come out and demand it, it is equally logical to take away the vote from men who do not register. Carrying this principle to the extreme, it would be right to take away the vote of the large number of men who have to be urged each year by party leaders to vote."

Why not, then, disfranchise the men who won't and enfranchise the women who will?

A second well-worn and time-honored argument which anti-suffragists still apply is that there are already too many voters and the addition of thousands of women would only complicate matters. Statistics, however, show that many men are deliberately refraining from using the privilege of the polls. In many quarters there is consternation because of the small registration. This dismay at the shortage of voters carries with it the implication that greater numbers would be desirable.

The Woman Suffrage Party cannot vouch that all women of voting age would willingly step into the breach, but even our anti-sisters affirm that they might accept civic duty if thrust upon them. With this as a resource, and the fact that thousands are enrolled in our party membership, we can at least assure the city fathers that many more voters are available.

Why not, then, let the women who are ready and willing to help the city out of its predicament, supply the greatly deplored shortage of 64,000 un-registered voters?

F. W.

ELECTION DAY

Next Tuesday, November 8th, is Election Day—a day of more or less importance in our several States, depending upon the issues involved in the contests, and, in a lesser degree, upon the candidates for office. It will be a day of vital importance to the women of Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota and Washington, for in each of these States a woman suffrage amendment is to be voted upon. It will be a day of importance to the women citizens of Colorado, Utah, Idaho and Wyoming, for in these States they may vote equally with men. In Colorado the Initiative and Referendum is the chief question before the voters, as it is also in Illinois, where the women's opinions will not be counted. In some States the question of Constitutional Conventions will be up for decision, and there is not one in which problems of exceeding great import to women as well as to men will not be voted upon. When one really stops to consider that half the essentially qualified people are barred from registering their opinions on Election Day in a country which pretends to stand for self-government, it is hard to be as patriotic as tradition has taught us to be.

THE CITY CONVENTION

The Second Annual Convention of the Woman Suffrage Party is now a matter of history. In point of attendance it surpassed the Republican, Democratic and Socialist gatherings held within the past month in the same meeting place, Carnegie Hall. The boxes were all sold long before the 28th and applications for seats continued to come to headquarters until within an hour of the opening of the Convention. At 8:15 p. m. Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw called the Convention to order, and it adjourned promptly at 10:45.

Excellent work was done by the following Convention Committee: Credentials, Mrs. Priscilla D. Hackstaff, Chairman; Miss L. L. Dock, Mrs. Robert H. Elder, Mrs. A. C. Fisk, Miss Edith M. Whitmore; House Committee, Miss Mary G. Hay, Chairman; Mrs. A. C. Hughston, Miss Maud Haas, Mrs. Frank Stratton, Miss Frances Ecob; Tellers, Miss A. E. Cameron, Miss Mary Chapman, Miss E. M. Child.

The motion to organize the Convention made by Miss Craft, of Brooklyn, included the election of Mrs. Catt as Permanent Chairman, Mrs. Martha W. Suffren, Mrs. Alice Gifford, Mrs. Pearce Bailey and Miss Helen Varick Boswell as secretaries. The Credentials Committee reported 891 delegates present and upon motion of Mrs. Hackstaff, the delegates were seated without the formality of calling the roll. Mrs. E. Jean Nelson Penfield read the Platform, as recommended by the City Committee, and moved its adoption. Mrs. Nathan, Miss Gambier, Mrs. Bailey, Dr. Glasgow, Mrs. Blatch and Mrs. Finch made seconding speeches in behalf of certain planks. Dr. Glasgow proposed an amendment which was adopted and the entire platform was adopted by unanimous vote.

The election of city officers was carried on in a Committee Room from 7 to 9 (nominations having been previously made by the direct primary method) and resulted as follows: Chairman, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt; Vice-Chairman, Mrs. E. Jean Nelson Penfield; Secretary, Mrs. Martha W. Suffren; Treasurer, Mrs. Margaret Chanler Aldrich.

Greetings were read from the Governors of three States where women have full suffrage, and from Mrs. Myra Strawn Hartshorn, chairman of the Organization Committee of the Chicago Clubs, which are now organizing on Woman Suffrage Party lines. Before the close of the meeting a message was received from the Republicans inviting women who are willing to act as watchers at the polls on Election Day, November 8, to present themselves for appointment at the Headquarters of the City Committee in the Metropolitan Building, No. 1 Madison avenue. The chairman informed the Convention that she had written to Mr. Stimson and Mr. Dix asking each to state his position on the submission of a woman suffrage amendment, but that neither had replied. "You may draw your own conclusions," she added.

Mrs. Catt's address included a list of Party achievements, which will be found on page 2, a statement of the aims and purposes of the organization and a plea for more united effort and greater devotion to the cause. Mr. and Mrs. Philip Snowden were both enthusiastically received by the Convention and the address of each was distinguished by that high note of hope so inspiring to the workers in any reform. The general atmosphere of the meeting was one of cheer, good fellowship and determination.

SUFFRAGE LUNCHEON

The following message was sent to the Convention of the New York State W. S. A. at Niagara Falls:

New York, Oct. 17, 1910.

To the Convention of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association, Assembled in Niagara Falls:

The Woman Suffrage Party of Greater New York sends greetings and assurances of co-operation in the work of the coming year. We are prepared to conduct a lively Legislative campaign in each of the 63 Assembly Districts of this city, and trust that the Suffragists of all other Assembly Districts of the State will be equally active and determined.

As an earnest of our sincerity we take this occasion to invite the State officers, to be elected at Niagara Falls, to a luncheon which we propose to give in their honor at the Hotel Astor, New York City, on Saturday, December 3d.

(Signed)

THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE PARTY.
By CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT,
City Chairman.

The invitation was accepted and nearly all of the elected officers expect to be present at the luncheon. All the suffrage clubs of the city are invited to participate. It is suggested that as many of these clubs and as many of the Assembly District organizations as possible engage tables. The tickets will be $2.50 each. For further particulars apply to Headquarters.

MESSAGES FROM THREE GOVERNORS

To the City Convention of the Woman Suffrage Party of New York City:

Unless sentiment in favor of full suffrage for women has moved much faster than I suppose it has since I last visited New York, I presume you will be confronted with the time-worn objection that "women do not want to vote," which is brought out and made to serve on every possible occasion. May I reply briefly to that objection by way of greeting to your Convention?

If a majority of the men of a State, or the United States, should not care for the elective franchise, would the anti-suffragist man be willing to be deprived of it? It is true that men have ridiculed so much the women who have advocated equal suffrage, that it has had an effect on many women. Nevertheless the cause has made marvelous progress in sixty years. Ask the women of Colorado whether they want to vote. Submit this question to those who have tried it and scarce a corporal's guard will be found to vote against it. Colorado has had woman suffrage for sixteen years and has found it of inestimable benefit to her people.

JOHN F. SHAFORTH, Governor of Colorado.

Woman's Suffrage Party, New York City:

Full Woman's Suffrage has been in operation in this State and Territory for more than forty years, and has proven successful in every way.

Women vote as freely and intelligently as men do, and seem to have an inborn intuition, which frequently enables them to arrive at right conclusions, relative to political matters, more correctly than the men.

Our State Legislature has on three different occasions passed resolutions declaring Woman's Suffrage a success, and recommending its adoption by all the other States in the Union.

It seems to me that no State, familiar with the history of Woman's Suffrage in Wyoming, could have any hesitation about submitting the question to the voters.

B. B. BROOKS, Governor of Wyoming.

To the Woman Suffrage Party, New York City:

Your Convention may be interested to know that in this State where women constitute less than half the population, they cast nearly half of the vote. Equal suffrage has been in practice here since 1896.

A great many times since I was elected Governor of Idaho and took charge of the office I have been asked in my official capacity to state to the people of other states the effect of woman suffrage in the politics of this State. I always declare myself unqualifiedly in favor of the privilege of women to vote, and I am glad, indeed, to express my views on this subject.

It is true that the law has been worked out with varying degree of success, according to the intelligence of the different classes of people who go to make up a great commonwealth like Idaho. My experience tells me, however, that, generally speaking, the effect of woman suffrage is good.

Our men and women, in the main, are broadminded and take a large interest in state and local affairs. There is no doubt in my mind but that the mere fact that women are permitted to and do vote has a tremendous effect for good in the selection of party candidates and in the passage of needed laws. Not only is the woman vote always cast on the right side in contests where moral issues are at stake, but the fact that they are permitted to vote enables them to bring influence to bear on men in other ways. It has been pointed out that women vote in national elections with their husbands and fathers, and that they are apt to be swayed by prejudice in local elections, but there never has been a time in my experience when I have found the women advocating any measures which would not bear the light of day.

In Idaho we have women in county and state offices. Our State Superintendent of Public Instruction for a number of years has been a woman. In almost every city some of the offices are held by women, and in nearly every county the County Superintendent or County Treasurer is a woman, and they are making excellent public servants.

And, after all the argument for and against the proposition of woman suffrage is heard, it seems to me that every fair-minded person ought to be willing to accord to his wife, mother or sister, in whom he reposes great confidence in every other matter of mind or heart, the same privilege of approval or disapproval of men and laws. If the laws are good they prosper to the same extent as the men,—if they are bad they suffer to the same extent. If every other question of right and wrong could be decided by the majority of the women of our country, there would be no question about the safety of our institutions. I am unqualifiedly in favor of the right of women to vote.

JAMES H. BRADY, Governor of Idaho.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE PARTY PLATFORM

We, the delegates of the Woman Suffrage Party from the sixty-three Assembly Districts of Greater New York, in Convention assembled, on October 28, 1910, do hereby ordain the following platform as our faith and line of campaign:

We hold as did our forefathers who framed the Declaration of Independence that "men are created equal and are endowed with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." We hold that women and men are created equal, and that the Constitution of the State of New York, founded upon these principles and ordained in the name of freedom, is contradictory, illogical and manifestly unjust since it provides for the derivation of powers from the consent of half the people only and deliberately alienates the so-called inalienable rights of liberty and the pursuit of happiness from the other half; for, be it known that there is no liberty for those who do not possess the ordinary means of defense of personal rights, and no pursuit of happiness, in the sense indicated, for those whose opinions are not counted upon what shall constitute the welfare of the people.

Since women are already exercising some form of suffrage in Australia, Canada, Denmark, England, Finland, Iceland, Ireland, India, the Isle of Man, Norway, New Zealand, Scotland, Wales and in all but thirteen of the United States of America, and since the trend of the general movement has been ever forward, we reiterate our faith in its final triumph and recognize woman suffrage as an inevitable accompaniment of democracy.

We therefore protest against the arbitrary and wholly illogical action of the Legislature which, in refusing to submit a woman suffrage amendment year after year, arrogates to itself the prerogative clearly vested in the voters of the State of extending or withholding the suffrage; and we call upon the advocates of woman suffrage everywhere to join in our appeals to that Legislature to change its attitude towards this question.

We acknowledge with gratitude the endorsement of our question by the minority parties of the State, and pronounce the action of the two majority parties as curiously inconsistent, since they have pledged themselves in favor of legislation establishing direct primary elections in order to give the voters of the State more authority, yet have declined to respond to our serious appeal to pledge themselves to a referendum upon woman suffrage although it is clearly their legal duty to take such action. We recognize, however, a small advantage in this failure since it demonstrates to all thinking people the difference in the force of popular opinion when it is presented by voters and when it is presented by an unenfranchised class. We therefore welcome the Men's League for Woman Suffrage and urge voters to join it and to become members of the Woman Suffrage Party as well, in order that our appeals may not go forth from women alone.

We hold that the common welfare demands the immediate solution of certain problems in this city which especially affect the liberty and rights of women and children; and we declare that to withhold the ballot (the chief means by which these evils may be corrected) from women at this time is a cruel and oppressive wrong. Among these problems are: (1) The inadequate inspection of the milk supply which induces a condition endangering the lives of infants to an appalling extent; (2) 50,000 children of the poor in half time classes because there are not schools enough; (3) several hundred classes of more than sixty each because there are not teachers enough; (4) the high cost of living, including greatly increased prices of food, clothing and other necessities, and which measures the difference between comfort and bare subsistence to many thousands, and which will inevitably drive more children into the labor market, more unfortunate women to the street, more men to crime, and lastly the greatest wrong of the age, namely, Child Labor. The manifest tendency of nature is the upward development of the race, and the overtaxing of the undeveloped bodies of children is a human intervention to stay the natural course of evolution and is a direct interference with the function especially entrusted to women of perpetuating and uplifting the race through the nurture of little children. This wrong is illustrated in our city by the licensing of 13,000 houses for the purpose of carrying on home industries which thus gives work to children who could not be legally employed elsewhere.

We reiterate our unswerving faith in the axiomatic principle of equal play for equal work, and we congratulate the Interborough Teachers' Association upon the report of the Commission appointed by the Mayor to investigate the salary status of the women teachers of this city, which has declared that salaries should be graded by position and not by sex, and we express the hope that the patient,

splendid campaign in behalf of equal pay for equal work conducted by this Association may now be rewarded by just legislation. While congratulating the teachers upon the one hand, upon the other, we protest against the system of unequal pay for equal work, which prevails throughout the whole industrial world as "false in theory and pernicious in practice."

We announce our conviction that an equal standard of morals is the only philosophy which can elevate the moral character of our people and we condemn the Page Bill in so far as it discriminates against women offenders, and, by its provisions, supports the unequal standard of morals which more than any other one cause has operated for centuries to the degradation and sorrow of womankind.

We hereby express our gratitude to ex-Mayor McClellan for his appointment of three women and to Mayor Gaynor for his appointment of one woman to the Board of Education after our City Convention last year, and we now call upon Mayor Gaynor to appoint more women to the same Board, believing that the great number of women teachers and girl pupils creates a demand that at least one-third of the members of the Board of Education shall be women.

We repeat our request of last year that one-third of the members of the Board of Bellevue and the Allied Hospitals shall be women and since the revision of the charter is delayed, we appeal to Mayor Gaynor to make such appointments. We also request that, in all city hospitals where women or children or both are received as patients, and which are in receipt of funds raised by taxation of citizens, women internes shall be eligible for appointment on medical and surgical staffs upon the same terms as men internes and that suitable accommodation shall be provided for such women internes, at the public expense if necessary.

Since 8,000 children passed through the Juvenile Courts of this city in the last year, and since women compose the sole offenders tried in the Women's Night Court, and since women are affected equally with men by all cases in the Domestic Relations Court, we hold it to be a manifest injustice that men alone preside over these courts, and we therefore declare for the enactment of laws providing that women shall sit as associate justices in (1) The Children's Court; (2) The Woman's Night Court; (3) The Domestic Relations Court. The fact that there are several hundred women attorneys-at-law in New York City makes this demand one of practical application.

To these causes do we pledge our services, our energies and our best endeavors.

PARTY CONVENTIONS

The Richmond Borough Convention was held October 6 at the home of Mrs. Wm. G. Willcox, at West New Brighton. Plans for the work of the year were made and Miss E. M. Whitmore was elected leader of the one Assembly District in Richmond.

Queens Borough Convention was held October 19th at the home of Mrs. Cora Perry Hamilton at Jamaica. There was a good attendance of delegates and the prospects for the coming year are bright. Officers were elected as follows:

Chairman, Mrs. James H. Ecob, Flushing.

Vice-Chairman, Mrs. John J. Wynn, Far Rockaway.

Secretary, Miss Valentina Whiting, Flushing.

Treasurer, Mrs. Adele Miln Linville, Jamaica.

The Brooklyn Borough Convention was held in the auditorium of the Bedford Branch of the Brooklyn Public Library the evening of October 14. The attendance was distinguished by the large number of men in the audience. Rabbi Alexander Lyon, who has recently become interested in woman suffrage, made the principal address. Miss Craft was not a candidate for re-election. The following officers were elected: Chairman, Mrs. Robert H. Elder; vice-chairman, Mrs. Grace B. Wolterbeek; recording secretary, Miss Amy Wren; corresponding secretary, Miss Elizabeth Lowe; treasurer, Miss Grace A. Raymond.

Manhattan Borough held its convention at the Hotel Astor at 3:30 p. m., October 25. There was a large attendance of delegates and visitors. Election for borough officers resulted as follows: Chairman, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw; vice-chairman, Mrs. Charles A. Beard; recording secretary, Mrs. Chas. L. Tiffany; corresponding secretary, Joseph O'Brien; treasurer, Mrs. J. Hedges Crowell. A collection was taken amounting to more than enough to cover all expenses of the meeting.

The first convention of the Woman Suffrage Party in the Bronx was held at the Crotona Casino October 24. In response to the invitation of the chairman, Mrs. Wm. Warner Penfield, Senator Stephen J. Stillwell, Democratic candidate from the Twenty-first Senatorial District; Captain Griffen, senatorial candidate from the Twenty-second; Mr. Wachtel, Republican and Independence League candidate for Assembly from the Thirty-second Assembly District, were all present and unreservedly endorsed the

principle of a referendum on the Woman Suffrage Bill. Wm. Bruddick, Independence League and Republican candidate for Assemblyman from the Thirty-third, pledged his support by letter, and Candidate for Assemblyman Donovan telephoned his endorsement. Letters were also read from Seymour Mark, candidate for Assembly, and John L. Burgoyne, Senatorial candidate.

A year ago there wasn't a single woman suffrage organization in the Bronx. Now the five Assembly Districts have leaders and an enrollment of more than 1,000 members.

Officers of Bronx Borough were elected as follows: Chairman, Mrs. A. C. Fisk; vice-chairman, Mrs. Ralph Hickox; secretary, Rev. Irene Earrl; treasurer, Miss Mary Oliver.

Woman Suffrage Party Conventions have been held in a majority of the Assembly Districts of Greater New York since the last issue of THE VOTER. Some of these meetings were very small, and in a few districts there are still no regularly elected leaders. But taking into consideration that these were the first of such conventions, that the party organization is not yet a year old, that it has had no regular organizers, the results are far from discouraging. The outlines of the Party structure are clearly defined, the building up process goes steadily on, sentiment increases and business methods are being adopted. The indications are that at least double the progress of this first year may be reported by the end of the second. There is not space in THE VOTER to report all the Assembly District Conventions, so the only fair way is to report none. The names of newly-elected leaders in the various districts will be found in the Directory on pages 9 and 10.

AN ENDORSEMENT

The Independence League of New York State met in convention at Cooper Union, October 5th and 6th. The City Committee of the Woman Suffrage Party appointed the following representatives to attempt to secure a plank in the League's platform declaring for the submission to popular vote of a woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution: Mrs. Robert H. Elder, Mrs. Grace Wolterbeek, Mrs. Chas. Beard and Miss Mary G. Hay. Mrs. Wolterbeek and Miss Hay addressed the Platform Committee of which Clarence J. Shearn was chairman. Our plank was included and the New York World reported that it was received with more applause by the delegates than any other plank in the platform.

POLITICAL NOTES

The Third Assembly District Republican Convention granted a hearing to Miss Mercy and Miss Mary Alden Hopkins. John Santimouro was nominated for Assemblyman. The leader, James March, stated that the Republicans of the Third are in favor of woman suffrage and that their nominee should stand for it. All efforts to reach the leader or the Convention of the Democrats in the same district failed, but the appeals were handed to the delegates as they entered the hall. James Oliver, who favors submission, was renominated. The Twelfth Senatorial District Convention (Republican) gave the same Party representatives a cordial welcome and received the address of Mrs. Harriette Johnston Wood with every evidence of approval.

Mrs. Maud Nathan and Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch attended the Democratic Convention in the Fifteenth Assembly District, October 8th. They were courteously received and Mrs. Nathan made a five-minute address. Ashton Parker, who was nominated for Assemblyman, expressed his belief in equal suffrage, as did several other delegates. Mr. Parker and Eugene Blumenthal, the Republican nominee, were both present at the Fifteenth Assembly District Convention of the Party, October 18th, and pledged themselves to vote for submission.

Mrs. Nathan and Mrs. Blatch also attended the Democratic Convention in the Eighteenth Senatorial District. Both addressed the Convention and to quote Mrs. Nathan, had "a delightful reception." The Convention adjourned without nominating a candidate, but on the 14th renominated Thomas F. Grady, who is opposed to submission.

In his speech of acceptance of his nomination as Senator, "Big Tim" Sullivan made his opening declaration an endorsement of woman suffrage.

Miss Mary Donnelly, Mrs. Olive S. Gabriel, Miss Alice Cavalier, and the Misses Cordes visited the Democratic Assembly District Conventions in the First and Thirteenth Districts the evening of October 8th. In spite of every possible effort they were refused admission to the Convention, but they distributed the appeals to the delegates as the latter entered the halls, and were able to discuss the question with a number of the more influential politicians. James Hooey, renominated in the Thirteenth, expressed

himself as favorable to submission. The ladies did not succeed in getting an interview with T. B. Coughlan, who was renominated in the First. Senator McManus (Fifteenth Senatorial District) and other politicians in the Thirteenth treated the Party representatives with courtesy and the Senator assured them of his sympathy with the cause and promised his support.

In the Twenty-fifth Assembly District Republican Convention, Miss Donnelly, Mrs. Gabriel and Miss Bodine were refused admittance until after the nomination of Artemas Ward for Assemblyman, but were then permitted to speak and to distribute the appeals.

The Democratic Conventions of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Assembly Districts, Brooklyn, were visited by Dr. Antonius, Mrs. Crowell, Mrs. Biederbach and Mrs. Van Gresen, who were courteously received, but were not accorded hearings. The Democratic Club of the Thirteenth and the Republican Club of the Fourteenth offered the use of their rooms for suffrage meetings.

Woman Suffrage representatives were refused admission to the Second and Eighth Democratic Assembly District Conventions and to the Eleventh Senatorial District Convention (Democratic), all of which met October 8th. Alfred E. Smith, who was nominated for Assemblyman in the Second, is reported to be "unchangingly hostile;" Moritz Graubard, renominated in the Eighth, reported as breaking his word last year after promising to vote for submission; Aaron J. Levy, renominated in the Fourth, "voted for submission last year after ascertaining that it was certain to have enough votes in opposition to defeat it." Senator C. D. Sullivan, renominated, voted "yes" last year on discharging Judiciary Committee and bringing woman suffrage bill before the Senate. A delegation of six Party representatives was kindly received by the Second Republican Assembly District Convention. No promises were given. The leader of the District, Joseph Levinson, is opposed to woman suffrage, also to the referendum.

The Equality League of Self-supporting Women is making an aggressive campaign, in which the Twenty-fifth Assembly District organization of the Party is co-operating, to defeat Artemas Ward, Republican nominee for Assemblyman from the Twenty-fifth District.

The Twenty-seventh Assembly District organization is maintaining Headquarters, until after election day, in a store room of the Normandie Hotel building, Broadway and 38th street. Meetings, addressed by various speakers, are held at noon, at 5 p. m. and 8 p. m. daily. The definite aim of this work is to call attention to the hostile attitude of Senator Agnew, on our question, though literature is distributed and general propaganda work is also done.

THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE PARTY

CITY OFFICERS

Chairman, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, 2 West 86th Street.
Vice-Chairman, Mrs. W. W. Penfield, 730 East 242d Street.
Secretary, Mrs. Martha Wentworth Suffren, 68 Buckingham Road, Brooklyn.
Treasurer, Mrs. Margaret Chanler Aldrich, 317 West 74th Street.

MANHATTAN BOROUGH

Chairman, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, 312 W. 90th Street.
Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Chas. Beard, 501 W. 121st Street.
Recording Secretary, Mrs. Chas. L. Tiffany, 128 East 36th Street.
Corresponding Secretary, Mr. Joseph O'Brien, 103 Waverley Place.
Treasurer, Mrs. J. Hedges Crowell, 1044 Fifth Avenue.

ASSEMBLY DISTRICT LEADERS

Assembly District No. 1—Miss Elsa Ueland, 28 McDougal Street.
Assembly District No. 2—Miss L. L. Dock, 265 Henry Street.
Assembly District No. 3—Miss Selina Swiss, 460 Grand Street.
Assembly District No. 4—Mrs. Rappaport, 288 East Broadway.
Assembly District No. 5—Mrs. V. G. Simkhovitch, 26 Jones Street.
Assembly District No. 6—Miss Gertrude Crystal, 115 Cannon Street.
Assembly District No. 7—Mrs. Sarah J. Loomis, 162 Ninth Avenue.
Assembly District No. 8—Mrs. Ehrlich, 151 Ludlow Street.
Assembly District No. 9—Mrs. Geo. W. Eastburn, 504 W. 43d Street.
Assembly District No. 10—Mrs. Harold Spielberg, 64 E. 7th Street.
Assembly District No. 11—Mrs. Katherine Quinn, 359 West 47th Street.
Assembly District No. 12—Mrs. M. S Barger, 237 E. 17th Street.

Assembly District No. 13—Mrs. E. Butterworth, 939 8th Avenue.
Assembly District No. 14—Miss Mary Donnelly, 157 East 30th Street.
Assembly District No. 15—Mrs. Frederick Nathan, 162 W. 86th Street.
Assembly District No. 17—Miss Florence Guernsey, 2 West 86th Street.
Assembly District No. 18—Mrs. James Gear, 301 East 68th Street.
Assembly District No. 19—Mrs. Helen Hoy Greeley, 2 Rector Street.
Assembly District No. 20—Dr. Jane Robbins, 281 Fourth Avenue.
Assembly District No. 21—Mrs. John Dewey, 49 St. Nicholas Terrace.
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